

# Vortex Phase Diagram in Oblique Field in $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{CaCu}_2\text{O}_{8+y}$

Shuuichi Ooi, Takasada Shibauchi, and Tsuyoshi Tamegai

*Department of Applied Physics, University of Tokyo, 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Japan 113-8656,*

*Japan*

## Abstract

Vortex phase diagram in  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{CaCu}_2\text{O}_{8+y}$  single crystals was studied in oblique field using micro-Hall-probes. The angular dependence of magnetization step field ( $H_s$ ) and the low temperature peak field ( $H_p$ ) cannot be fitted by the scaling law predicted by G. Blatter [G. Blatter *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **68**, 875 (1992)]. Instead, we obtained an empirical relation,  $H_s \propto (\cos \theta + a(T) \sin \theta)^{-1}$ . Here,  $\theta$  is the angle between the field and  $c$ -axis. We propose two scenarios for this behavior. One is to consider the effect of in-plane field for the interplane coherence. Alternatively, the deviation from scaling law can be explained, at least qualitatively, by considering electromagnetic coupling between interlayer pancake vortices. Furthermore, a new sharp anomaly in magnetization hysteresis loop was found in the vortex solid phase only when the field is applied with a large angle from  $c$ -axis. The field, where the anomaly occurs, has been measured as functions of temperature, oxygen content, and the angle  $\theta$ . As a result, we found that the behavior of this new anomaly is consistent with a prediction [A. M. Thompson and M. A. Moore, Phys. Rev. **B55**, 3856 (1997)], which indicates the uniformly tilted vortex lattice is not stable at low field when the field is tilted from  $c$ -axis. The origin of this anomaly could be structural phase transition of vortex lattice, from low field two component lattice to high field uniformly tilted lattice.